

## General Assembly

Committee Bill No. 732

January Session, 2009

\*04722SB00732JUD\*

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

## AN ACT CONCERNING THE SENTENCING OF DRUNKEN DRIVERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Subsection (g) of section 14-227a of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 3 October 1, 2009):

- 4 (g) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this
  - section shall: (1) For conviction of a first violation, (A) be fined not less
- 6 than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars, and (B)
- 7 be (i) imprisoned not more than six months, forty-eight consecutive
- 8 hours of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner
- 9 except as provided in subdivision (2) of subsection (j) of this section, or
- 10 (ii) imprisoned not more than six months, with the execution of such
- 11 sentence of imprisonment suspended entirely and a period of
- 12 probation imposed requiring as a condition of such probation that
- 13 such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as
- 14 defined in section 14-227e, and (C) (i) have such person's motor vehicle
- 15 operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for
- one year, or (ii) if such person has been convicted of a violation of

subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section on account of being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for three months and be prohibited for the nine-month period following completion of such period of suspension from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j; (2) for conviction of a second violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than one thousand dollars or more than four thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than two years, one hundred twenty consecutive days of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner except as provided in subdivision (2) of subsection (j) of this section, and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) (i) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for three years or until the date of such person's twentyfirst birthday, whichever is longer, or (ii) if such person has been convicted of a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section on account of being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for one year and be prohibited for the two-year period following completion of such period of suspension from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j; and (3) for conviction of a third and subsequent violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than two thousand dollars or more than eight thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than three years, one year of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner except as provided in subdivision (2) of subsection (j) of this section, and sentenced to a

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period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege permanently revoked upon such third offense. For purposes of the imposition of penalties for a second or third and subsequent offense pursuant to this subsection, a conviction under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section in effect on October 1, 1981, or as amended thereafter, a conviction under the provisions of either subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 53a-56b or 53a-60d or a conviction under the provisions of section 53a-56b or 53a-60d or a conviction in any other state of any offense the essential elements of which are determined by the court to be substantially the same as subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section or section 53a-56b or 53a-60d, shall constitute a prior conviction for the same offense.

Sec. 2. Subsection (i) of section 14-227a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2009*):

(i) (1) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall permit a person whose license has been suspended in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (C)(ii) of subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (g) of this section to operate a motor vehicle if (A) such person has served not less than one year of such suspension, and (B) such person has installed an approved ignition interlock device in each motor vehicle owned or to be operated by such person. No person whose license is suspended by the commissioner for any other reason shall be eligible to operate a motor vehicle equipped with an approved ignition interlock device. (2) All costs of installing and maintaining an ignition interlock device shall be borne by the person required to install such device. (3) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this subsection. The regulations shall establish procedures for the approval of ignition interlock devices, for the proper calibration and

maintenance of such devices and for the installation of such devices by any firm approved and authorized by the commissioner. (4) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to authorize the continued operation of a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device by any person whose operator's license or nonresident operating privilege is withdrawn, suspended or revoked for any other reason. (5) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to any person whose license has been suspended in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (C)(ii) of subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section on or after September 1, 2003, or subparagraph (C)(ii) of subdivision (1) of subsection (g) of this section on or after July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 3. Subsection (j) of section 14-227a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 97 October 1, 2009):
  - (j) (1) In addition to any fine or sentence of imprisonment imposed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section, the court may order such person to participate in an alcohol education and treatment program.
  - (2) In lieu of imposing the mandatory minimum sentence of imprisonment authorized by the provisions of subsection (g) of this section, if the most serious offense that the person stands convicted of is a violation of subsection (a) of this section, the court may sentence such person to a term of imprisonment pursuant to said subsection (g), with the execution of such sentence of imprisonment suspended entirely or after a period set by the court, and a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person not leave such person's residence except as otherwise authorized and be subject to electronic monitoring by use of a global positioning system and continuous monitoring for alcohol consumption.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	October 1, 2009	14-227a(g)
Sec. 2	October 1, 2009	14-227a(i)
Sec. 3	October 1, 2009	14-227a(j)

## Statement of Purpose:

To prohibit the operation of a motor vehicle for a specified time period by a person convicted for the first time of drunken driving unless the motor vehicle is equipped with an ignition interlock device and to give judges the discretion in certain cases to sentence a person convicted of drunken driving to house arrest and monitoring by a global positioning system device and an alcohol consumption device rather than sending such person to prison.

Co-Sponsors: SEN. LOONEY, 11th Dist.; REP. FRITZ, 90th Dist.

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[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]